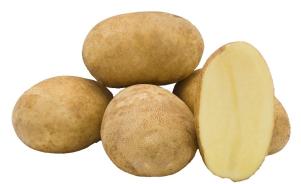
# **SAFARI**



# General production advice ware potatoes

- Big size tubers
- High yield
- Very good taste
- Good cooking quality



## Morphology

Cooking type B - Slightly mealy

Maturity 51 Late Yield mature 114 High Tuber size 84 Large

Tuber shape Round oval / Oval

Number of tubers 9-11
Flesh after cooking Light yellow
Skin colour Yellow

#### **Tolerances**

Dormancy period 73 Long
Emergence 61 Slow
Metribuzin sensitivity 60 Sensitive
Foliage development 74 Strong
Internal bruising 7 Not sensitive
Little Potato disorder 75 Little sensitive

Dry matter content 19,8 UWW 362

#### Resistances

Spraing Resistant
Foliage Blight Susceptible
Tuber Blight Slightly susceptible

Common scab
Powdery scab
Susceptible
PVYn
Susceptible

Yntn tuber tolerance Tolerant

**PCN** Resistance

Ro1 Ro2/3 Pa2 Pa3

9 +5

own analysis
Wart disease

F1 F2 F6 F18

### **Fertilizer**

- -Nitrogen (N): approx. 175 kg N/ha inclusive of soil supply.
- -Apply 4/5 before planting and 1/5 as top dressing.
- -Potassium and phosphate fertilisation as standard advice.
- -SAFARI is susceptible to mineral deficiencies, therefore fertilise with trace elements.

+ No official analysis / Stet

# **SAFARI**



# General production advice ware potatoes

# Pre-treatment and planting

- -SAFARI has a long dormancy.
- -A heat treatment is prefered to break the dormancy.
- -If an apical sprout is present, remove it and plant with small white buds.
- -Always treat SAFARI seeds and soil against Rhizoctonia.
- -Soil should be well drained with good structure.
- -Avoid soils with high common scab pressure.
- -Do not plant in cold soils in relation to the risk of irregular emergence.

## Plant populations

Seed size	Row distance Plant population/ha 75 cm 90 cm		
-28/35	55.000	24	20
-35/55	46.000	29	24
-Plant depth: Normal.			

## **Growing attentionpoints**

- -Emergence is somewhat slow, later foliage develops well.
- -The use of metribuzin is recommended pre-emergence. In case of post-emergence, use the low doses system.

## Haulmkilling and harvest

- -Use chemicals with a strong effect on stems to encourage easy tuber detachment.
- -Ensure natural crop maturing and sufficient hardening of the tubers.
- -The skin should be fully set before harvest.
- -Tubers are big. Harvest and store with care to avoid damage and bruising.

### Storage

-SAFARI has a a long dormancy and has good storability.